Inspired by the U.S. Surgeon General's Advisory

SOCIAL MEDIA & YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH



- Developmental impact of social media on kids
- Positive apects of social media
- Caution about social media use for our children & teens
- The disproportionate impact on females
- Sources of support for our children

Adolescence (ages of 10 to 19) is a critical period for brain development during a vulnerable time when:

Risk-taking behaviors reach their peak.

Moods and feelings of well-being fluctuate.

Depression and other mental health challenges emerge.



However, teens often report positive aspects of social media that help them address the stressors of life.

Let's highlight the data...

71 % of adolescents report that social media provides them with a creative outlet.



Platforms such as YouTube, TikTok & Instagram provide a space for student self-expression through art, podcasts, music, writing, photography, and videos.

80% of teens report feeling more connected with what's happening in their friends' lives.



Social media platforms are a means to keep in contact, organize activities, and communicate plans for in-person gatherings. Schools also use social media to highlight events, staff & students.

Social media is a valuable source of educational content.



Exposure to diverse perspectives & cultures on social media can broaden horizons and foster cultural awareness & empathy.

Teens can follow educational accounts, participate in online courses, and access resources to gain knowledge & learn new skills.

58% of adolescents say social media helps them to feel more accepted.



7 of 10 adolescent girls of color report encountering positive or identity-affirming content related to race across social media platforms.

67% like that they have people who can support them through tough times.



In addition to peer support, social media has also contributed to normalizing counseling and therapy.